Outline of the Probable Action Striking Miners' Riots the Cause of Executive Departments Will Not by the Court

o excite unabated public interest. The entil after his return to the city, and the y through which the facts are officially sted to the country.

In War Department circles today the a friend of Gen. Miles said:

### No Censure of Gen. Miles.

sport. The court dare not do it. in inquiry. Such action is possible ten there is a court-martial. Any in the findings would furnish for the court-martial of the mem-the court.

row but what Gen. Miles would cause nell trial, although I shall pray him to by no more. He has said more already man diplomacy would warrant, although reason why he should be diplo-commander of the army he ext to the President in relation to he is under no greater obligation to lent concerning matters affecting the and health of the army than the is upon details of state or public

#### Refrigerated Beef.

Going into the details, apart from any

hoof for the Cuban campaign. The find

## Canned Roast Beef.

ttenden are quoted at length, sustaining claims in this respect. The instructions as being those upon which he desired that inquiry should be made are covered.

than was incident to the burried preparathe sickness of the troops was not to any great degree occasioned by the use of either the cannel or refrigerated beef.
On the other hand, it is found that Ger. Miles himself did not report during the war that the beef, either refrigerated or cannel.

court had been forwarded to the White House for the information and action of the President of the United States, by whom the court was ordered. He said that he had not read the report and did not know its nature. So far as he is informed, the report will not be made public until has had an opportunity of reading and considering it. Owing to its great length, therefore, it is not likely that the report will be made public in an official way much before the end of the week.

## A FINANCIAL BILL.

## Mr. Babcock Says One Has Been

Agreed Upon. Representative Babcock of Wisconsin is in the city, having returned from Atlantic City, where the House caucus committee or the currency, of which he is a member, has been in session. The committee will adjourn today, subject to a call from the chairman, to consult with the republican members of the Senate finance committee upon the subject in hand.

Mr. Babcock said that the House caucu committee has reached an agreement upon a financial bill. It is tentative, however, and the members of the committee have agreed not to disclose the nature of the proposed plan until it is submitted to the with them. He said the meetings of th House committee were harmonious and the conclusion reached was unanimous.

Mr. Babcock thought that the plan for currency reform, which the conferees adopt-ed, will receive the indorsement of the republican House, and will be satisfactory to the business interests of the country. The meetings of the committee were executive and no suggestions were received from any source. The committee had all the ma-terial it needed upon which to act, and un-necessary friction was avoided by confining the deliberations to the members designated by the republican caucus for that pur-

With respect to the speakership contest, Mr. Babcock thought that all indications pointed to the election of a western man. The west had three out of five members, he said, and there was no reason why a westerner should not be chosen.

## Wife Sole Beneficiary.

The will of the late Simeon Geo. Matlock, dated March 3, 1884, and a codicil thereto, dated the 30th of last November, were filed this afternoon. The estate of the deceased is bequeathed to his wife, Sarah Eleanor Matlock, who is named executrix.

# Elfrida Put Out of Commission

The converted yacht Elfrida was put ou of commission at the New York navy yard today and was turned over to the naval militia of Connecticut, who promptly start-ed with the vessel for New Haven.

Findings to Be Sent to the President | Troops Ordered in Readiness to Go | Ceremonies at Arlington Over Dead to the Scene.

Much Uneasiness.

SUMMARY OF CONCLUSIONS GEN. MERRIAM IN CHARGE CAPTAIN O'NEILL BURIED

received a dispatch from Gen. Miles notify ing him that Gen. Merriam of the departof the trouble, and instructed to call for reinforcements without regard to depart-

reived from the War Department at Washington by Gen. M. V. Sheridan, commander of the department of the lakes, to have his troops ready to move to Wardner, Idaho, where the miners are rioting as the result of labor troubles. In the days of the de- this occasion by the War Department. continuous to the law governing partment of the Missouri there were under inquiry. Such action is possible in there is a court-martial. Any in the findings would furnish or the court-martial of the members of the many troubles. In the days of the design the sourt there were under command of the Chicago army headquarters 10,000 men, but since the war with sort the court-martial of the members of the days of the men to dispatch to Idaho if their services are needed. Of these troops four compa-nies are stationed at Port Sheridan and one company each at three of the other posts in the department.

Gen. Merriam Goes to Wardner. DENVER, Col., May 1.-General H. C. Merriam, commander of the department of the Colorado, and his aid-de-camp, countermanded it. It was felt also that it Lieutenant J. B. Bennett, have gone to Wardner, Idaho, to investigate the miners' strike and the rloting.

OMAHA, Neb., May 1.-A battalion of the 16th United States Infantry at Fort Crook is under watting orders for strike duty at Wardner, Idaho. Cars were sent to the fort yesterday.

The governor of Idaho having called upon the President for federal assistance in the maintenance of good order in the mining districts of that state, General H. C. Merriam, commanding the department of Colorado, with headquarters at Denver, has been instructed to proceed immediately to Boise City, Idaho, for the purpose of con-ferring with the governor of the state as the best means of suppressing the disorders and bringing about eral Merriam has been placed in complete charge of the situation as far as federal troops are concerned, and that all troops on the various lines of railroads within reach-ing distance of the disturbed district have various points where available troops are stationed to have them in complete readi-ness for transportation to the scene of trou-ble on the shortest notice.

## TO TAKE EXAMINATIONS

# Twenty-four Applicants for Census Bureau

Twenty-four men and women will asemble Wednesday at 10 o'clock in the Maltby building to take the examination prescribed for applicants for positions in known. the census office. Applications continue to pour in and every

mail brings a batch of letters inquiring

positions. These are all answered. Then there is a constant stream of visitors who either do not or will not understand that no appointments will be made immeof the President are followed closely in diately. They come every day and insist order, and all the points indicated by him upon seeing Director Merriam. Fieretofore diately. They come every day and insist Chief Clerk Childs has been the buffer for the director, and gave every one a short interview. The crowd became so large and frequent that he had to give way to a clerk was not "doctored," that it was the beef of whose duty it is to see all visitors and ar commerce; that there was no more neglect swer questions concerning the census.

Assistant Director Wines has drawn two Assistant Director Wines has drawn two dozen names from those on file, and each one has been sent the following notice:
"You are hereby requested to present yourself for examination for appointment to service in this office, at 9 o'clock a.m., on the \_\_\_\_\_ at the Malrby building, in Washington. A card of admission will be given your particular description of the control of the c he given you on personal application to the assistant director, room 606, Columbian building on 5th street between D and E Miles nimself did not report during on that the beef, either refrigerated or canned, was unfit as a ration (ther officers who gave their testimony before the court are found also to have neglected what the court conceives to have been their whole duty in this respect, and all are blamed for this failure.

The receipt of this notice must be acknowledged by mall in the inclosed penalty envelope, which requires no stamp. In your reply state whether or not you can be present at the time and place named."

Inclosed with each notice is the following inclosed with each notice is the following inclosed.

present it to the examiner before being en-titled to enter the examination room: Twelfth Census. - to the examination of ap Admit to the examination of applicants for appointment in the census of lice. This permit is good for ——, 1899, but for no other date. Should the applicant fail to attend on the day named, it will be applied to the day named.

The examination will begin promptly a 9 o'clock a.m. with an oral exercise, the marking on which will be zero in case of ardiness on the part of the applicant

Assistant Director of the Census. The signature of the applicant must be written below for the purpose of identification

## DEWEY DAY.

#### Quiet Celebration of Victory of Manila Bay in This City.

While no formal celebration was planned. Dewey day has not been entirely forgotten in Washington. This fact is evidenced more particularly by the extraordinary number of flags flying in the May breezes. From tall staffs and suspended from win dow ledges the national emblem is displayed in every section of the city. The anniversary of the victory of Manila bay finds Dewey still the popular idol of the Washington people. His name is on the lips of every one, and his valorous deeds and wonderful services to his country have been recalled and recounted with due ganized.

Had there been an inauguration of such a movement Washington would doubtless have celebrated the day on the same scale as in many of the other larger cities of the country. In their quiet and modest way, however, the people of the national capital are honoring today the name of the Amercan admiral with as much reverence and respect and with the same gratitude as ose whose patriotism is being aroused to enthusiasm by the belching of cannon, mar-tial display and golden-toned oratory. The school children have not forgotten

the day and its significance. During the morning recess at the Franklin School building, on 13th street, one little fellow addressed another: 'Say, we're going to get out today at 'What's that for-Dewey day?" queried a

Naw. The teachers is going to have a

### Proceedings in Divorce Courts. A decree was signed this afternoon by Justice Cole, in Equity Court No. 2, granting Annie E. Cleary a divorce from John J.

Cleary, on the ground of desertion and drunkenness on the part of the latter. Justice Cole, in the proceedings recently astituted by Mary A. Quinlan against Willam J. Quinlan, today directed the latter to pay the former for her support and maintenance during the pending of the suit \$30

WHAT GENERAL MILES' FRIENDS SAY GOVERNOR OF IDAHO ASKS HELP DISTRICT GUARD WILL NOT PARADE

Be Closed.

tomorrow morning over the remains of omorrow. Rev. Charles W. Freeland, assisted by a Catholic priest, to be designated by Cardinal Gibbons, will officiate.

The executive departments will not be closed tomorrow in consequence of the cermade by which all employes related in any way to the soldiers who are to be buried will be excused for the day without prejudice to their records.

the marine barracks will be called out for

The reasons for rescinding the order calling out the District National Guard were that such action would take a large number of government employes from their work at a time when their services were needed, and would incur additional expense The original order calling out the District Guard was issued at a time when Adjutant General Corbin was away from his office, and as soon as he learned of that action he would be subjecting the District troops to an unnecessary harpship to have them march to Ariington and back during the

## Awaiting Interment.

There are 350 bodies awaiting interment at Arlington. The department found it necessary to order that none of these bodies from Cuba should be sent to the homes thought it would be dangerous to send them to various parts of the country at this time. The bodies are thoroughly disinfected and are in metal caskets, and may be removed next winter by relatives of the dead. About 40 per cent of the bodies of dead soldiers brought from Porto Rico taken home by their friends for burial, and it was desired to send the same proportion of those from Cuba to their homes, but, as stated, it will not be per-

mitted at the present time.
Yesterday and today there were many visitors at Arlington.

## Capt. O'Neill Buried.

In the army of the gallant dead awaiting ourial there this morning were the remains of Capt. W. O. O'Neill, who was captain of Troop A of Roosevelt's Rough Riders, who died in the charge on San Juan Hill, July 1, 1898, and those of W. E. McLeod, who was attached to the bureaus in this city of the Minneapolis Journal and the San Fran-cisco Examiner, and was well-known to public men in this country. Funeral services were held over the remains of Capt. O'Neill at 2 o'clock this afternoon. Capt. O'Neill was may'or of Prescott, Ariz., when he inlisted, but was educated in this city, where many of his relatives live, and where he was widely known.

# OPEN DOOR TO CHINA.

Prejudicial to It. Lord Salisbury's speech in reference to e agreement reached by Great Britain and Russia defining their respective spheres of influence in China was read with the greatest interest here and is being discussed by diplomatic officials. The prevailing sentiment is one of relief that by this agreement has been removed an element that threatened to involve in hostilities two great nations with which the United States was desirous to live on the most friendly terms.

Naturally there is some curlosity to know just how the commercial interests of the United States are likely to be affected by this important arrangement. It may be stated that the highest official authority here does not accept the view set out in some of the British newspapers that the United States has lost its chance in China; that the door is to be shut against us, and that we have deserved this exclusion by failing to substantially assist England in ecuring the open-door policy as to all

On the contrary, it is said that, so far as English sphere in China is concerned. the United States will have free entry commerce will be treated on terms of equality with Russian commerce in any portion of China that may come under the influence of

### GERMANY WANTS HER SHARE. Anglo-Russian Entente as to China

Arouses the Kaiser. BERLIN, May 1.-It is the belief in politcal circles here that England having relinquished the open door in China and given her adhesion to the sphere of influence policy there. Germany must follow suit The Tageblatt today says:

"The first consequence of the Anglo-Russian agreement must be that Germany, tee, must declare the Heang-He valley to be her sphere. It would be a far-reaching error were Germany to confine herself to the province of Shang-Tung."

## WEST END BANK.

### Denial of Rumor That It is to Become Trust Company.

The attention of Mr. Frederick C. Stevens having been called to the rumors that have been prevalent for some time past to the effect that it was the intention to change the West End National Bank, of which he is president, into a trust company, today authorized a Star reporter to deny that he had any such intention. He added that it is the purpose to continue the bank along the line of business for which it was or-

Mr. Stevens had nothing further to say of the bank or of its future than what is above credited to him, but it is a matter of common street gossip that the bank account of the United States Electric Lighting Company has been transferred to the West End Bank, and it is the belief that as the details of the purchase of the street railroads and lighting companies are completed the bank accounts of these concerns will be transferred to the West End, and that in the future the banking business of the syndicate owning these properties will be done through that institution. The advance in the quoted price of West

End Bank stock is to some extent characteristic of the entire list of local stocks. Of course, the advance has not been uniform, and the quoted prices of some securities show greater changes than those of others. Still appreciable advances have been made all along the line, and some of those who are most familiar with the business of the various corporations are unable to account for these increases in the market prices. It is believed that the mania for stock speculation which is the feature now of the New York stock market is being manifested to some extent in the local stock market. People and institutions having money to lend are flooded with applications from rowers for advances on stock at the high-est possible figure, the announced purpose being to use the funds in further investment in stocks. A few months ago it was impossible almost to find purchasers for these securities, and now it seems every-

body is anxious to buy.

Director Rathbord Discusses Cuban Postal 2 Y'Affairs.

Feeling Toward Americans is Better and Desire for Annexation

Mr. E. G. Rathbone, director of posts of Cuba, arrived in Washington this morning and went directly to the Post Office Department, where he was closeted with the Postmaster General for several hours. He comes to purchase furniture for his department at Havana and to make a report of the postal conditions throughout the island During the early part of April he left Havana to visit the principal cities on the island and note their conditions for the purpose of improving their mail facilities. He visited Neuvitas, Gibara, Santiagô, Lunas de Yaza, Trinidad, Casilda and Cienfuegos. All of these cities have American postmasters, and he found a great improve-

ment in their condition. ment in their condition.

In a conversation with a reporter for The Star this morning he said that the feeling for Americans on the Island is improving every day. They are learning a new lesson, he said, a lesson which taught them that there is such a thing in the world as common decency and honor. They are a suspicious race, he declared, and there is ample excuse for it, since under Spanish rule they learned only the lesson of distributions. rule they learned only the lesson of dis-

Speaking of Havasa, Director Rathbone said that the people are growing accustomed to the American postal system, and its improvement is very marked. They enjoy the benefits of the free delivery system, and think the method of dropping a letter in the box and having it collected and delivered is one of the greatest advances of the century. The money-order system is perhaps the most appreciated of all of the American innovations, although the double-card registry system for letters is well Speaking of Havans, Director Rathbon ard registry system for letters is well

thought of.

Director Rathbone referred especially to
the marked improvement in the municipal
and hygienic conditions of Havana. The
streets are being regularly cleaned, the garbage regularly collected and disposed of
and municipal affairs generally administerad in the last of the conditions of and municipal affairs generally administered in the latest and most practical manner. In March sickness was reduced 40 per cent under the same month of '98, while February showed a decrease of 90 per cent. The city affairs are being well administered by the military authorities, and people are becoming more satisfied every day with their condition. He thought the desire for annexation was growing every day.

The director referred at length to the chaotic condition of postal affairs when he

chaotic condition of postal affairs when he took charge. There was absolutely nothing in the way of records. Everything that could be disposed of had been sold. Even the large supply of Spanish stamps had been made away with, but the director has recently located them. recently located them, and it will be only a few days before they will be in his posses-sion. The steam launch that was used by the postal authorities to take mail from the steamers had also been sold. It is his pur-pose to buy another steam launch, for with it the collection and distribution of mails

it the consection and distribution of mans will be expedited. There has been bittle sickness on the island of late, which he attributes entirely to the watchfulness of the American health The director expects to return to Havana the latter part of this week.

### 14.01 AMERICANS AT BLUEFIELDS

## Alleged Determination to Destroy Their Influence There.

Advices received here from Bluefields. Nicaragua, indicate that the situation there as far as American interests are concerned is extremely unsatisfactory and discouraging. It is being impressed upon the officials here that persons high in place in the Nicaraguan government are pursuing a policy calculated very deliberately to crush the American business interests, now of the patentee or his assigns any title or intercountry. The reports are to the effect that ever since Chief Clarence's rebellion some years ago the Nicaraguan government has been jealous of the growing importance of the American settlements, and the Reyes rebellion recently seems to have confirmed it in the determination to destroy the American influence in that section. Nicaraguans hold the American merchants responsible for Reyes' rebellion. They have consequently determined, according to reports received here, to impose upon these American merchants the entire expense to

ing the rebellion, amounting to about \$600,-This could not be done directly without a breach of international law, hence the at-tempt was made to collect a large part of it through a demand upon the merchants for a second payment upon imports paid t the de facto government of Bluefields whi Reyes was in possession of the place. The reports show that this government of Reyes was actually de facto in the full sense of the term. In proof of this it is shown that Estrada, the Nicaraguan government of the slope south that the strate of the strat ernor of the place, sought and was giver refuge in the United States consular agency. Also the dues collected on imports were collected for Reyes by the same treasurer who had held the place for the past

which the government was put in repress

three years.

The American interests in Bluefields alone now aggregate fully \$2,000,000 in gold, and the State Department is determined that they shall be protected against the prosed extortion, so that interesting is expected at any moment in view of the presence of a United States man-of-war there, the Detroit, to execute the orders of

## GAS COMPANY STOCK.

#### Mr. Bullitt Says He is Not Interested in Purchase. It is stated that a good number of the

stockholders of the Washington Gas Company have already signed the agreement to sell their stock. According to the terms of the agreement, which was made between ex-Senator Gorman and a committee of the stockholders, the latter have been given until the 15th of this month to consent to sell at the price offered. As stated above. it is said that considerable progress has been made in getting signers to the agreement.

It is stated that an impression has gone abroad to some exfent that Mr. John C. Bullitt, a member of the board of directors of the gas company and also of the committee with which the agreement to sell was made, is interested with the syndicate that proposes to buy the gas company. Mr. Bullitt resents heartly the imputation that he has been draining in this matter both as a hunger and soller. He has matter both as a buyer and seller, He has written a let-ter to a friend in this city in which he de-nies without qualification that he has any connection with the proposed buyers of this

### STATUTE TO BE OBSERVED. Instructions Concerning the Execu-

### tions at the Jail Friday. In connection with the execution Friday

next at the District jail of the convicted murderers, Strather and Winston, Chief Justice Bingham this afterroon, at the city hall, instructed Warden Harris to carry out the letter of the statute relating to attendance at such execution. Warden Harris has been importuned by a

surprisingly large number of persons for invitations to witness the hangings. Almost without exception the requests are based merely on lide curiosity, and all such must be denied.

The law provides that the warden shall invite the district attorney, the counsel of the prisoner, two or more physicians and twelve respectable citizens to be present at

executions; and at the request of the person to be executed shall also allow any of his near relatives and any ministers of the gospel, not more than three, to be presen thereat. No persons other than those mentioned, and no person whatever under the age of

twenty-one years, shall be allowed, so the law provider to witness any such execution

law provider to witness any such as that arranged for next Friday.

# THE BEEF INQUIRY TROUBLEAT WARDNER FUNERAL SERVICES BIG IMPROVEMENT SHOWN THE POTOMAC FLATS A WESTERN COMBINE FINANCE AND TRADE

Case Decided by the U. S. Supreme Organization of Representatives From Bears Make Successful Raid on Stocks

# DECISION BY JUSTICE SHIRAS SPEAKERSHIP CONTEST IMPERSONAL HEAVY SLUMPS IN SOME CASES

the Conclusions.

Decision in the Potomac flats case was reached by the United States Supreme Court today, and Mr. Justice Shiras delivered the opinion of the court. The case is entitled "Martin F. Morris et al., appellants, agt. the United States; on appeal from the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia.

The concluding paragraph of the opinion states the gist of the decision, and is as

"While, therefore, we affirm the decree of the court below as to the claims of the Marshali heirs, and as to the Kidwell patent, and as to the several claims to riparian rights as appurtenant to lots bounded on the south by Water street, we remand the case to the court below for further proceedings in accordance with this opinion; and it is so ordered."

Mr. Justice White and Mr. Justice Peck-ham dissented. Mr. Justice Gray and Mr. Justice McKenna were not present at the argument and took no part in the decisi-The Heirs of John Marshail.

fore the court below and classifying the various appellants and the nature of their appeal, Mr. Justice Shiras in his opinion goes on to state: "Assuming that the heirs of John Mar-

After reciting the history of the case be

shall have become lawfully vested with the Fairfax title we are of opinion that they have failed to show any right or title to the lands and premises involved in this litigation, and that the decree of the court below, so far as it affects them, is free

Considering the claim of the heirs of James M. Marshall as alleged successors to the title of Lord Baltimore to the river Po-tomac and the soil thereunder as part and parcel of the grant to him by the patent of Charles I in 1632, the opinion states: "Briefly expressed the appellants' conten-

tion is that the propriety in the soil under the river Potomac passed to Lord Baiti-more and his grantees, and that it passed, not as one of the regalia of the crown or as a concomitant of government, but as an absolute proprietary interest, subject to absolute proprietary interest, subject to every lawful public use, but not the less on that account, a hereditament, and the sub-ject of lawful ownership, and of the right of full and unqualified possession when that public use shall have ceased.

"We need not enter into a discussion of this proposition, because the destripe on

this proposition, because the doctrine on which it is based has been heretofore adading and well considered cases.
"It cannot be maintained, with any show

plausibility that Congress intended by the act under which these proceedings are had that the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia, or that this court of the Institute of Columbia, or that this court on appeal should have the right to overturn, after the lapse of a century, rights originating in statutes of Maryland and of the United States, sustained as valid by their courts.

## Without Right or Title. "We affirm, therefore, the decree of the

court below, in respect to the Marshall they-have no 'right, title or interest in any part of the land or water composing any part of the Potomac river, or its flats, in part of the Potomac river, or its flats, in charge of the Secretary of War."

The opinion takes up next the claim founded on the land office patent issued to John L. Kidwell, and states:

"We conclude this branch of the case by

pantee or his assigns any title or interest in the property within its limits, ad-verse to the complete and paramount right therein of the United States.'

"It is urged on behalf of those claiming under the Kidwell patent that a court of equity will not set aside the patent at the suit of the United States unless on an offer by the latter to return the purchase money that in granting the relief the court wil impose such terms and qualifications as

party.

"As the invalidity of the patent in the as the controversy respecting the title was not abandoned by the defendants, they were not, we think, entitled to a decree for a return of the purchase money or for

The River Boundary. Before considering the remaining claims the opinion disposes of the question of the river boundary of the city of Washington. It recites the history of the Dermott and Eiliott maps of the city and then concludes

"Without protracting the discussion, we think, considering the reasonable proba-bility that a public street or thoroughfare would be interposed between the lois and squares and the navigable river, the language and history of the acts of Maryland referred to, the agreements between the original proprietors, the deeds to the trustees, the subsequent transactions be tween the property holders and the Com-missioners, the regulation affecting the use

of wharves and docks, published by the Commissioners, the several acts of Con-gress conferring jurisdiction upon the city over the adjacent waters, the several city maps and plans, beginning with that of L'Enfant, sent by President Washington to Congress in 1791, and ending with that of Elliott, approved by President Van Buren in 1839, and the views expressed on the subject in previous decisions of this court, that the conclusion is warranted that, from the first conception of the federal city, the establishment of a public street, bounding the city on the south, and to be known as Water street, was intended, and that such intention has never been departed from. The Dissenting Opinion.

The dissenting opinion holds that from the records it appears that it was understood and agreed that riparian rights shou'd attach to the lots fronting on the river. To disregard these, the opinion states, will be equivalent to confiscation, and in reason it cannot be done without

## ecuted the foundation of the federal city. BALTIMORE CITY ELECTION.

#### Both Sides Claim Victory Tomorrow by Small Pluralities. Special Dispatch to The Evening Star. BALTIMORE, Md., May 1.-The cam-

paign for city offices of Baltimore under the new charter ended today and the election will take place tomorrow. The fight has been one of the most determined and bitter in the history of the city, and it is impossible to predict the result of tomorrow's votes. The leaders of both parties express the

strongest confidence and class victory.

The republicans at their headquarters assert today that Mayor Malster will be re-elected by at least 4,000 majority, while the democrats claim that Mr. Thomas G. Hayes will be elected by a majority of from 5,000 to 15,000. The bets among sporting men favor Hayes, although but few are being made and little money has been put up.

The republicans have an excellent organi-

all the money they needed their organization has not been equal to that of their opponents, and this fact may tell against them tomorrow. Government Bonds.

zation and have been supplied with plenty of money. While the democrats have had

2 per cents, registered.... 

112% per cents, coupon of 1907..... 113% per cents, registered of 1925... 128% 4 per cents, coupon of 1925..... 12314 5 per cents, registered of 1904.. 111% 112 5 per cents, coupon of 1904..... 111%

Bid. Asked.

That Section.

Two of the Judges Dissented From Composition of the House Com- Franchise Tax and High Sterling mittees Important.

FURTHER TRIAL ORDERED PAYNE WILL STICK GENERAL MARKET REPORT

candidates for the speakership are organ izing with the view of influencing the polic to control in the organization of the House There has been a great deal of correspondpected that within a short time there will be a very considerable band of repres tives engaged in an agreement not to piedge their support to any candidate for the speakership until the situation has so de veloped that they will be able to act together in the election of a Speaker pledged to a policy which will be acceptable to their sec tion of the country.

#### An Impersonal Contest.

The tendency of this movement is make the speakership contest impersonal. The idea is for enough men to control the situation to remain uncommitted to any candidate, either from the east or from the west, until a perfect understanding has been reached, and the object is not so much to secure the election of a western man to the speakership as to prevent the election of any man who will not so organize the committees of the House as to give the committees of the House as to give the chance for legislation that the west wants. The west wants to control the legislative policy through the committee organization of the House, no matter who is Speaker. It is said by those who are active in the movement that "eastern combinations" which desire to control legislation might agree upon the election of a western man to be Speaker, with the understanding that the committee organization should be as they wanted it, and that they should maintain legislative control. tain legislative control

#### Theory of Organization. Upon this theory the unattached western

element is organizing, not necessarily for the election of a western man as Speaker, but to insure the adoption of a western republican legislative policy. They prefer a Speaker of their own sort and expect to be in a position to influence a combination of all the west on some one man, but the speakership without the committee organization in a form satisfactory to them they would regard as of little value.

It has been complained by this western element that the important chairmanships of committee were taken up for the most part by the east and that there has been no way to get before the House measures of great importance to the west which the "eastern combination" opposed. What they want now is to get control of more imporant committees and become more potential The tendency of this is to give a sectional

instead of a personal character to the con-test, and it is regarded as likely that on both sides considerations other than the claim of any individual upon the honor of the speakership will control in the contest. Payne Will Remain a Candidate.

It is asserted by friends of Representa tive Payne of New York, as coming directly from him within twenty-four hours, that he will persist in his candidacy for the speakership to the end of the contest and will not permit himself to be crowded.

It is said also that Representative Ray
of New York will be an aggressive candi-

## WANTS TO GO TO MANILA

## General S. M. B. Young Discusses Our New Territories.

CHICAGO, May 1.-General S. M. B. Young, who was in active command of the operations about San Juan, and who is now in command of the 2d Army Corps, with headquarters at Augusta, Ga., arrived in the city last night with his aid-de-camp, Lieutenant Smedberg. He comes to attend the Manila day celebration here today. He said he expected to go to Manila as soon as the 2d Corps was mustered out, which, he thought, would be by the latter part of the

present month. "It looks as if I would be too late to see any fighting," he said, "but I suppose the present course of Aguinaldo is dictated by a desire to secure a respite from the fighting, in which his forces have suffered severely. I am disposed to believe, however, that he has come to the conclusion that it

s useless to continue hostilities against our General Young, when asked if he thought it would be necessary to increase the Amer-ican forces in the Philippines, in case of further hostilities, said:

"I do not. It seems apparent that we have sufficient troops there now to take care of any force the insurgents can oppose to us. Our troops have been doing mag-nificent work and have improved steadily." Speaking of the situation in Cuba, he

"I am satisfied the island in all probability will be annexed to this country inside of two years. Everything points that way. Among the better classes of people the sentiment in favor of annexation is steadily growing. The belief is that permanent stability can only be assured by having the is-land an integral part of this country. It is only the vicious and vagabondish elements that oppose American rule. They want orderly conditions to obtain.

## Justice Cox Indisposed.

Being indisposed by reason of a cold, Justice Cox did not visit the city hall today, and therefore no session of Equity Court No. 1 was held.

## Baltimore Markets.

who so nobly conceived and admirably ex-

Rates Given as Cause.

NEW YORK, May 1.—The franchise bill

were under pressure during the same perted, but had the advantage of some scale buying. The latter stock was given good support around 130, but traders forced the price below this level, the protective clique

shares last week for London account and the payment of the Spanish indemnity are the factors behind the extreme scarcity of

taking nearly 10,000 shares on the way

foreign bills of exchange. The supply may not be long depleted, but the presence of a more or less aggessive bear party insures the most being made of prevailing conditions. While gold ship-ments may be avoided the prospect com-ing at a time when additional tax burdens are threatening local corporations, afforded an excellent amortimity for an excellent opportunity for forcing down

list also, notwithstanding the fact that the iron and steel issues began the day with every evidence of a smart advance. ing masmuch as the resistance from the selling element was considerably a born than was at first supposed.

ket was positively weak as a whole duri the afternoon and while buying by po-was in progress at points the demand w at no time aggressive and always profes a willingness manifested to buy at a de-scending scale, but the failure to force the general market into a sympathetic recovery esulted in the withdrawal of many such orders. It may be that the decline tract buying later in the week, and by so doing reclaim the market from the present

domination of the room. While the traders are in control, however, no uniformly steady market is to be expected. Conditions which govern the prosperity the industrial properties are, perhaps, likelihood be followed by sharp advances in

## chases against early sales restored prices for a time, but the close was uncertain FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

New York Stock Market.

American Cotton Oil ... American Spirits ... American Spirits pfd ... A.S. Wire ... 375 385 375 135 135 135 Am. Steel and Wire pfd American Sugar..... Ont. & Western Canada Southern ..... Central Pacific 1265 Chicago, R. I. & Pacine Chig. & G. Western . Consolidated Gas..... Del., Lack & W..... 190 1725 en. & Rio Grande, pfd Federal Steel, pfd. General Electric 280 Manhatian Elevated ... 119% New Jersey Central New York Central.... Northern Pacific, pfd.... 58% Pacific Mail. Pennsylvania R. R. Phila & Reading. Southern Pacific... Southern Railway... Southern Ry., pfq. Texas Pacin S. Rubber, pfa.,

## Reading 2ds

Wabash, pfq

Western Union Tel....

Washington Stock Exchange. Sales—regular call, 12 o'clock m.—U. S. 3s, coupon, \$500 at 11075. Columbia Ralirond 5s, \$500 at 110, \$1,000 at 110, \$1,000 at 110. West End National Bank, 10 at 135, 4 at 135, 5 at 135, 10 at 135, 2 at 135, 4 at 135, 4 at 135, 5 at 135, 10 at 135, 20 at 1925, 20 at 1925, 15 at 1925, 20 at 925, 15 at 925, 20 at 925, 10 at 225, 10 at 221, 10 at 220, 10 at 2205, 10 at 2205, 10 at 2205, 5 at 2205, 6 at 2205, 10 at 2205, 5 at 2205, 10 at 2205, 5 at 2205, 10 at 2205, 10 at 2205, 5 at 221, 10 at 2205, 10 at 2205, 10 at 2205, 5 at 221, 10 at 2205, 10 at 2205, 10 at 2205, 10 at 2205, 5 at 221, 10 at 2205, 10 at 2205, 10 at 2205, 5 at 221, 10 at 2205, 10 at 2205, 10 at 2205, 5 at 221, 10 at 2205, 10 at 2205, 10 at 2205, 5 at 221, 10 at 2205, 10 at 2205, 10 at 2205, 5 at 221, 10 at 2205, 10 at 2205, 10 at 2205, 5 at 221, 10 at 2205, 10 at 2205, 10 at 2205, 5 at 221, 10 at 2205, 5 at 221, 10 at 2205, 5 at 221, 10 at 2205, 10 at 2205, 10 at 2205, 10 at 2205, 5 at 221, 10 at 2205, 1 Sales regular call, 12 o'clock m. U. S. 3s. coon, \$500 at 107%. Columbia Ralirond 5s, \$500

Court No. 1 was held.

RAITIMORE Markets.

RAITIMORE May 1.—Flore firm; western super, family, 82,2568,210; western super, family, 82,3568,20; western kind, 82,300; spring wheat patent, 82,308,410; spring wheat patent, 82,309,410; spring wheat patent, 82,309,410; spring wheat patent 92,309,410; spring wheat 92,309,410; spring wheat 92,309,410; spring wheat 92,309,410; spring whea